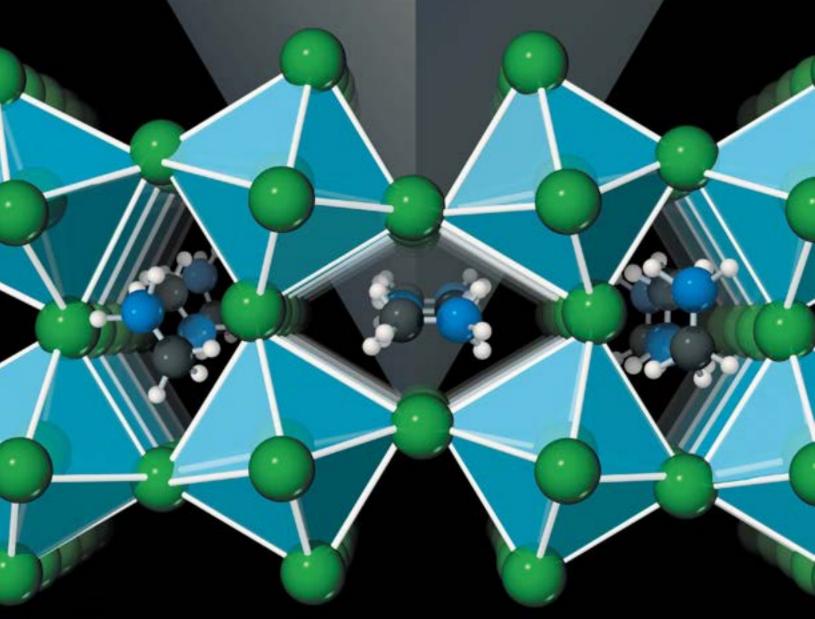
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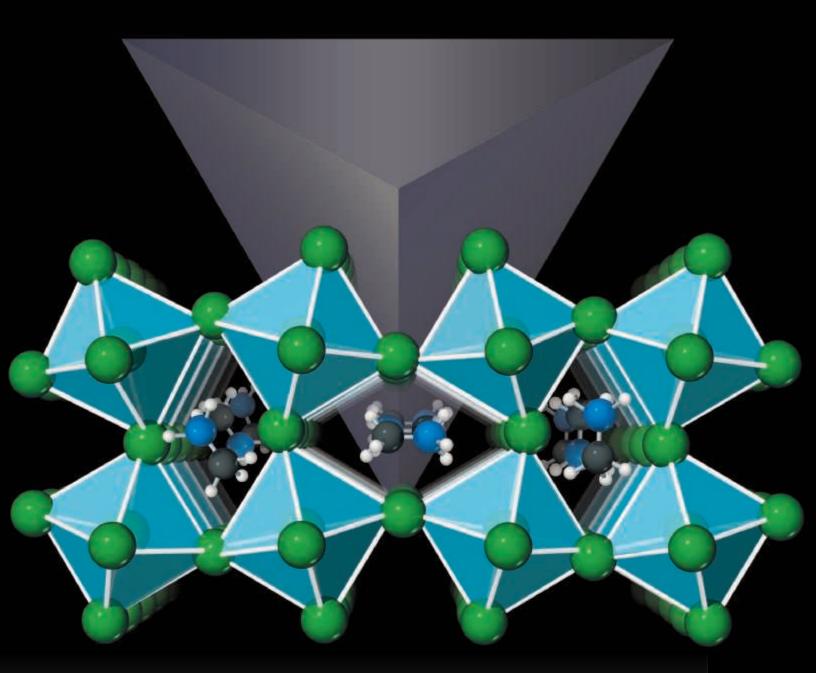
THE CENTRAL SCIENCE





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The halide perovskites, exemplified by methylammonium lead iodide (CH₃NH₃Pbl₃), whose structure is shown on the front cover, have emerged in recent years as alternatives to conventional semiconductors like silicon, gallium arsenide, and cadmium selenide. These materials show tremendous potential for use in devices such as light-emitting diodes and radiation detectors, but no application has generated more excitement than their performance in solar cells. Scientists have been able to prepare halide perovskite-based solar cells that convert sunlight to electricity with 20% efficiency, a figure comparable to the best silicon solar cells on the market. While the high efficiencies are impressive, the truly revolutionary breakthrough is that halide perovskite solar cells can be made from solution using inexpensive, readily available laboratory equipment, whereas fabrication of solar cells from conventional semiconductors requires expensive, sophisticated facilities. Chemists are actively researching alternative perovskite materials that do not contain lead and are less prone to degradation upon exposure to moist air.

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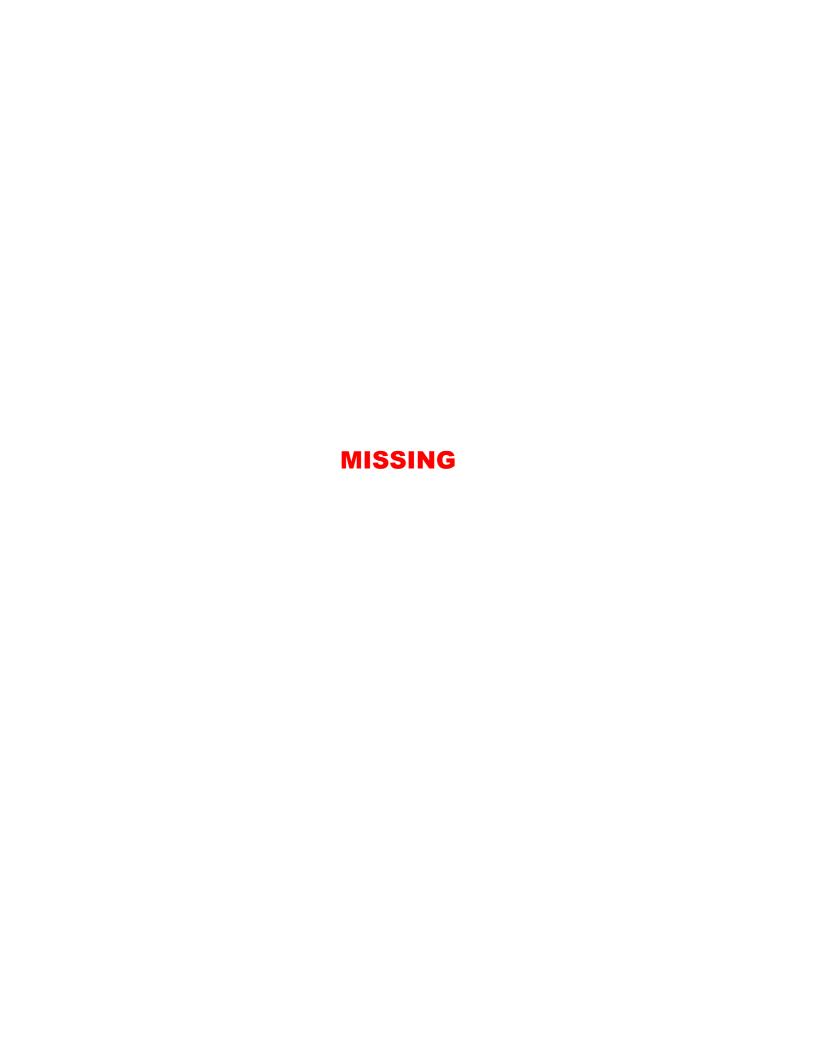
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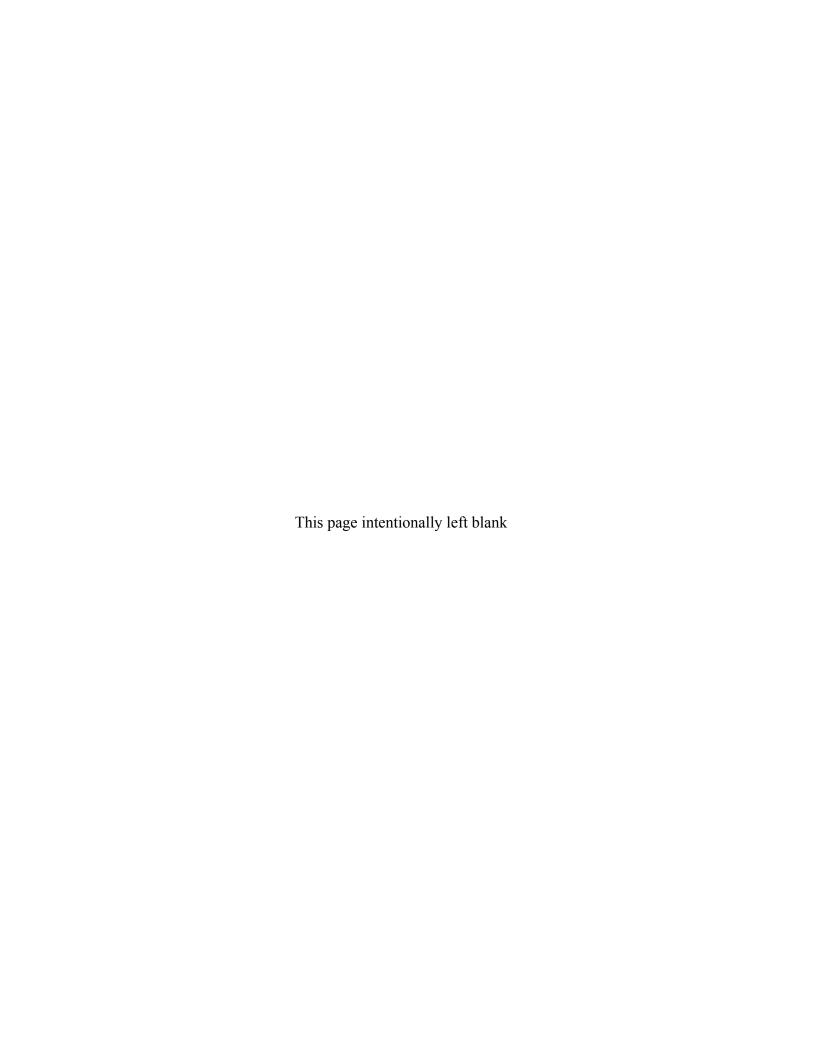
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To our students,
whose enthusiasm and curiosity
have often inspired us,
and whose questions and suggestions
have sometimes taught us.



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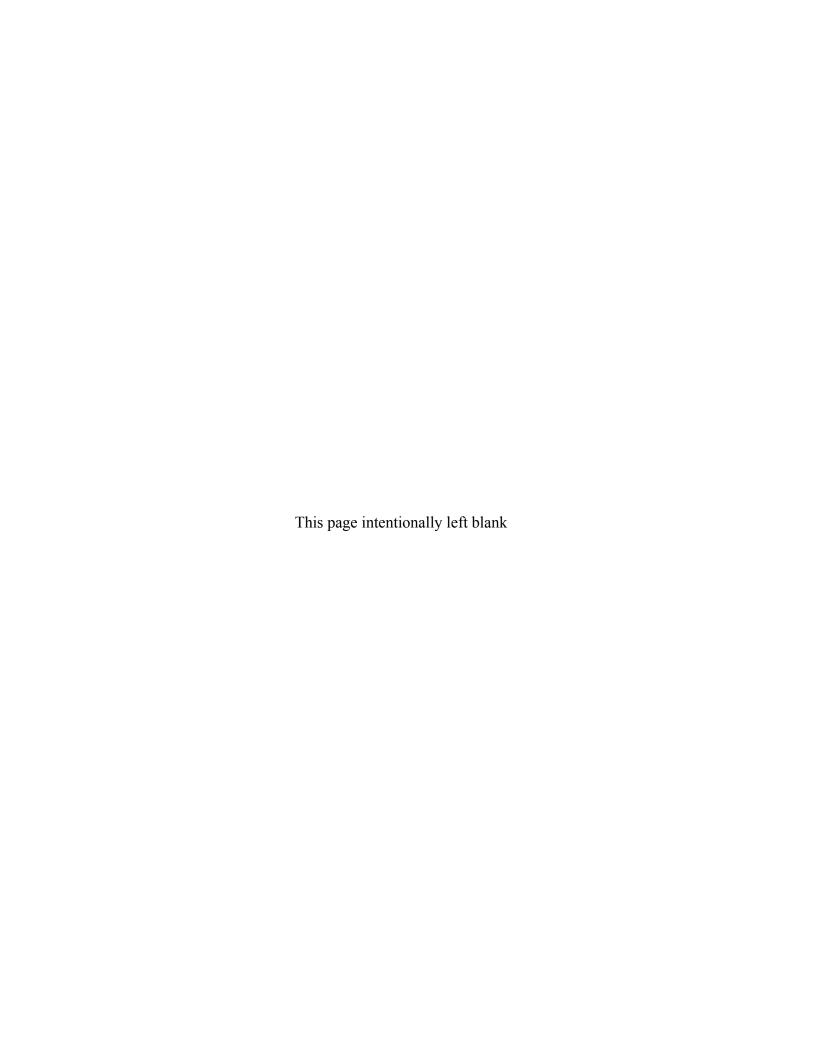
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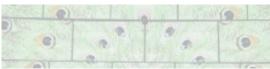
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PREFACE

To the Instructor

Philosophy

We authors of Chemistry: The Central Science are delighted and honored that you have chosen us as your instructional partners for your general chemistry class. Collectively we have taught general chemistry to multiple generations of students. So we understand the challenges and opportunities of teaching a class that so many students take. We have also been active researchers who appreciate both the learning and the discovery aspects of the chemical sciences. Our varied, wide-ranging experiences have formed the basis of the close collaborations we have enjoyed as coauthors. In writing our book, our focus is on the students: we try to ensure that the text is not only accurate and up-to-date but also clear and readable. We strive to convey the breadth of chemistry and the excitement that scientists experience in making new discoveries that contribute to our understanding of the physical world. We want the student to appreciate that chemistry is not a body of specialized knowledge that is separate from most aspects of modern life, but central to any attempt to address a host of societal concerns, including renewable energy, environmental sustainability, and improved human health.

Publishing the fourteenth edition of this text bespeaks an exceptionally long record of successful textbook writing. We are appreciative of the loyalty and support the book has received over the years, and mindful of our obligation to justify each new edition. We begin our approach to each new edition with an intensive author retreat, in which we ask ourselves the deep questions that we must answer before we can move forward. What justifies yet another edition? What is changing in the world not only of chemistry, but with respect to science education and the qualities of the students we serve? How can we help your students not only learn the principles of chemistry, but also become critical thinkers who can think more like chemists? The answers lie only partly in the changing face of chemistry itself. The introduction of many new technologies has changed the landscape in the teaching of sciences at all levels. The use of the Internet in accessing information and presenting learning materials has markedly changed the role of the textbook as one element among many tools for student learning. Our challenge as authors is to maintain the text as the primary source of chemical knowledge and practice, while at the same time integrating it with the new avenues for learning made possible by technology. This edition incorporates a number of those new methodologies, including use of computer-based classroom tools, such as Learning CatalyticsTM, a cloud-based active learning analytics and assessment system, and web-based tools, particularly MasteringChemistryTM, which is continually evolving to provide more effective means of testing and evaluating student performance, while giving the student immediate and helpful feedback. MasteringChemistry TM not only provides feedback on a question by question basis, but using Knewton-enhanced adaptive follow-up assignments and Dynamic Study Modules, it now continually adapts to each student, offering a personalized learning experience.

As authors, we want this text to be a central, indispensable learning tool for students. Whether as a physical book or in electronic form, it can be carried everywhere and used at any time. It is the best place students can go to obtain the information outside of the classroom needed for learning, skill development, reference, and test preparation. The text, more effectively than any other instrument, provides the depth of coverage and coherent background in modern chemistry that students need to serve their professional interests and, as appropriate, to prepare for more advanced chemistry courses.

If the text is to be effective in supporting your role as instructor, it must be addressed to the students. We have done our best to keep our writing clear and interesting and the book attractive and well illustrated. The book has numerous in-text study aids for students, including carefully placed descriptions of problemsolving strategies. We hope that our cumulative experiences as teachers is evident in our pacing, choice of examples, and the kinds of study aids and motivational tools we have employed. We believe students are more enthusiastic about learning chemistry when they see its importance relative to their own goals and interests; therefore, we have highlighted many important applications of chemistry in everyday life. We hope you make use of this material.

It is our philosophy, as authors, that the text and all the supplementary materials provided to support its use must work in concert with you, the instructor. A textbook is only as useful to students as the instructor permits it to be. This book is replete with features that help students learn and that can guide them as they acquire both conceptual understanding and problemsolving skills. There is a great deal here for the students to use, too much for all of it to be absorbed by any student in a oneyear course. You will be the guide to the best use of the book. Only with your active help will the students be able to utilize most effectively all that the text and its supplements offer. Students care about grades, of course, and with encouragement they will also become interested in the subject matter and care about learning. Please consider emphasizing features of the book that can enhance student appreciation of chemistry, such as the Chemistry Put To Work and Chemistry and Life boxes that show how chemistry impacts modern life and its relationship to health and life processes. Also consider emphasizing conceptual understanding (placing less emphasis on simple manipulative, algorithmic problem solving) and urging students to use the rich on-line resources available.

Organization and Contents

The first five chapters give a largely macroscopic, phenomenological view of chemistry. The basic concepts introduced—such as nomenclature, stoichiometry, and thermochemistry-provide necessary background for many of the laboratory experiments usually performed in general chemistry. We believe that an early introduction to thermochemistry is desirable because so much of our understanding of chemical processes is based on considerations of energy changes. By incorporating bond enthalpies in the Thermochemistry chapter we aim to emphasize the connection between the macroscopic properties of substances and the submicroscopic world of atoms and bonds. We believe we have produced an effective, balanced approach to teaching thermodynamics in general chemistry, as well as providing students with an introduction to some of the global issues involving energy production and consumption. It is no easy matter to walk the narrow pathway between—on the one hand-trying to teach too much at too high a level and-on the other hand—resorting to oversimplifications. As with the book as a whole, the emphasis has been on imparting conceptual understanding, as opposed to presenting equations into which students are supposed to plug numbers.

The next four chapters (Chapters 6–9) deal with electronic structure and bonding. For more advanced students, *A Closer Look* boxes in Chapters 6 and 9 highlight radial probability functions and the phases of orbitals. Our approach of placing this latter discussion in *A Closer Look* box in Chapter 9 enables those who wish to cover this topic to do so, while others may wish to bypass it. In treating this topic and others in Chapters 7 and 9, we have materially enhanced the accompanying figures to more effectively bring home their central messages.

In Chapters 10–13, the focus of the text changes to the next level of the organization of matter: examining the states of matter. Chapters 10 and 11 deal with gases, liquids, and intermolecular forces, while Chapter 12 is devoted to solids, presenting a contemporary view of the solid state as well as of modern materials accessible to general chemistry students. The chapter provides an opportunity to show how abstract chemical bonding concepts impact real-world applications. The modular organization of the chapter allows you to tailor your coverage to focus on the materials (semiconductors, polymers, nanomaterials, and so forth) that are most relevant to your students and your own interests. This section of the book concludes with Chapter 13 which covers the formation and properties of solutions.

The next several chapters examine the factors that determine the speed and extent of chemical reactions: kinetics (Chapter 14), equilibria (Chapters 15–17), thermodynamics (Chapter 19), and electrochemistry (Chapter 20). Also in this section is a chapter on environmental chemistry (Chapter 18), in which the concepts developed in preceding chapters are applied to a discussion of the atmosphere and hydrosphere. This chapter has increasingly come to be focused on green chemistry and the impacts of human activities on Earth's water and atmosphere.

After a discussion of nuclear chemistry (Chapter 21), the book ends with three survey chapters. Chapter 22 deals with nonmetals, Chapter 23 with the chemistry of transition

metals, including coordination compounds, and Chapter 24 with the chemistry of organic compounds and elementary biochemical themes. These final four chapters are developed in an independent, modular fashion and can be covered in any order.

Our chapter sequence provides a fairly standard organization, but we recognize that not everyone teaches all the topics in the order we have chosen. We have therefore made sure that instructors can make common changes in teaching sequence with no loss in student comprehension. In particular, many instructors prefer to introduce gases (Chapter 10) after stoichiometry (Chapter 3) rather than with states of matter. The chapter on gases has been written to permit this change with no disruption in the flow of material. It is also possible to treat balancing redox equations (Sections 20.1 and 20.2) earlier, after the introduction of redox reactions in Section 4.4. Finally, some instructors like to cover organic chemistry (Chapter 24) right after bonding (Chapters 8 and 9). This, too, is a largely seamless move.

We have brought students into greater contact with descriptive organic and inorganic chemistry by integrating examples throughout the text. You will find pertinent and relevant examples of "real" chemistry woven into all the chapters to illustrate principles and applications. Some chapters, of course, more directly address the "descriptive" properties of elements and their compounds, especially Chapters 4, 7, 11, 18, and 22–24. We also incorporate descriptive organic and inorganic chemistry in the end-of-chapter exercises.

New in This Edition

As with every new edition of *Chemistry: The Central Science* the book has undergone a great many changes as we strive to keep the content current, and to improve the clarity and effectiveness of the text, the art, and the exercises. Among the myriad changes there are certain points of emphasis that we use to organize and guide the revision process. In creating the fourteenth edition our revision was organized around the following points:

- Our treatment of energy and thermochemistry has been significantly revised. The concept of energy is now introduced in Chapter 1, whereas previously it did not appear until Chapter 5. This change allows instructors greater freedom in the order in which they cover the material. For example, this change would facilitate coverage of Chapters 6 and 7 immediately following Chapter 2, a sequence that is in line with an atoms-first approach to teaching general chemistry. More importantly, bond enthalpies are now integrated into Chapter 5 to emphasize the connection between macroscopic quantities, like reaction enthalpies, and the submicroscopic world of atoms and bonds. We feel this change leads to a better integration of thermochemical concepts with the surrounding chapters. Bond enthalpies are revisited in Chapter 8 after students have developed a more sophisticated view of chemical bonding.
- Considerable effort was made to provide students with a clear discussion, superior problem sets, and better real-

time feedback on their understanding of the material. The author team used an interactive e-book platform to view passages that students highlighted in their reading along with the related notes and questions that detailed what they did not understand. In response, numerous passages were revised for greater clarity.

- Extensive effort has gone into creating enhanced content for the eText version of the book. These features make the eText so much more than just an electronic copy of the physical textbook. New Smart Figures take key figures from the text and bring them to life through animation and narration. Likewise, new Smart Sample Exercises animate key sample exercises from the text, offering students a more in depth and detailed discussion than can be provided in the printed text. These interactive features will also include follow-up questions, which can be assigned in MasteringChemistryTM.
- We used metadata from MasteringChemistryTM to inform our revisions. In the thirteenth edition a second Practice Exercise was added to accompany each Sample Exercise. Nearly all of the additional practice exercises were multiple choice questions with wrong answer distractors written to identify student misconceptions and common mistakes. As implemented in MasteringChemistryTM, feedback was provided with each wrong answer to help students recognize their misconceptions. In this new edition we have carefully scrutinized the metadata from MasteringChemistryTM to identify practice exercises that either were not challenging the students or were not being used. Those exercises have either been modified or changed entirely. A similar effort was made to revise Give It Some Thought and Go Figure questions to make them more effective and amenable to use in MasteringChemistryTM. Finally, the number of end-of-chapter exercises that have wrong answer feedback in MasteringChemistryTM has been dramatically expanded. We have also replaced outdated or little-used end-of-chapter exercises (~10 per chapter).
- Finally, subtle but important changes have been made to allow students to quickly reference important concepts and assess their knowledge of the material. Key points are now set in italic with line spaces above and below for greater emphasis. New skills-based *How To...* features offer step-by-step guidance for solving specific types of problems such as Drawing Lewis Structures, Balancing Redox Equations, and Naming Acids. These features, with numbered steps encased by a thin rule, are integrated into the main discussion and are easy to find. Finally, each Learning Objective is now correlated to specific end-of-chapter exercises. This allows students to test their mastery of each learning objective when preparing for quizzes and exams.

Changes in This Edition

The **New in This Edition** section details changes made throughout this edition. Beyond a mere listing, however, it is worth dwelling on the general goals we set forth in formulating

this new edition. *Chemistry: The Central Science* has traditionally been valued for its clarity of writing, its scientific accuracy and currency, its strong end-of-chapter exercises, and its consistency in level of coverage. In making changes, we have made sure not to compromise these characteristics, and we have also continued to employ an open, clean design in the layout of the book.

The art program for the fourteenth edition continues the trajectory set in the previous two editions: to make greater and more effective use of the figures as learning tools, by drawing the reader more directly into the figure. The style of the art has been revised throughout for enhanced clarity and a cleaner more modern look. This includes: new white-background annotation boxes with crisp, thin leaders; richer and more saturated colors in the art, and expanded use of 3D renderings. An editorial review of every figure in the text resulted in numerous minor revisions to the art and its labels in order to increase clarity. The Go Figure questions have been carefully scrutinized. Using statistics from MasteringChemistryTM, many have been modified or changed entirely to engage and challenge students to think critically about the concept(s) that underlie each figure. The Give it Some Thought feature has been revised in a similar vein to stimulate more thoughtful reading of the text and foster critical thinking.

We provide a valuable overview of each chapter under the What's Ahead banner. Concept links (continue to provide easy-to-see cross-references to pertinent material covered earlier in the text. The essays titled Strategies in Chemistry, which provide advice to students on problem solving and "thinking like a chemist," have been renamed Strategies for Success to better convey their usefulness to the student.

We have continued to emphasize conceptual exercises in the end-of-chapter problems. In each chapter we begin the exercises with the well-received Visualizing Concepts category. These exercises are designed to facilitate conceptual understanding through use of models, graphs, photographs, and other visual materials. They precede the regular endof-chapter exercises and are identified in each case with the relevant chapter section number. A generous selection of Integrative Exercises, which give students the opportunity to solve problems that integrate concepts from the present chapter with those of previous chapters, is included at the end of each chapter. The importance of integrative problem solving is highlighted by the Sample Integrative Exercise, which ends each chapter beginning with Chapter 4. In general, we have included more conceptual end-of-chapter exercises and have made sure that there is a good representation of somewhat more difficult exercises to provide a better mix in terms of topic and level of difficulty. Many of the exercises have been restructured to facilitate their use in MasteringChemistryTM. We have made extensive use of the metadata from student use of MasteringChemistryTM to analyze end-of-chapter exercises and make appropriate changes, as well as to develop Learning Outcomes for each chapter.

New essays in our well-received *Chemistry Put To Work* and *Chemistry and Life* series emphasize world events, scientific discoveries, and medical breakthroughs relevant to topics

developed in each chapter. We maintain our focus on the positive aspects of chemistry without neglecting the problems that can arise in an increasingly technological world. Our goal is to help students appreciate the real-world perspective of chemistry and the ways in which chemistry affects their lives.

It is perhaps a natural tendency for chemistry textbooks to grow in length with succeeding editions, but it is one that we have resisted. There are, nonetheless, many new items in this edition, mostly ones that replace other material considered less pertinent. Here is a list of several significant changes in content:

Chapter 1, and every chapter that follows, begins with a new chapter opening photo and backstory to provide a real world context for the material that follows. A new section on the nature of energy (Section 1.4) has been added to Chapter 1. The inclusion of energy in the opening chapter provides much greater flexibility for the order in which subsequent chapters can be covered. The *Chemistry Put To Work* box, dealing with *Chemistry in the News*, has been completely rewritten, with items that describe diverse ways in which chemistry intersects with the affairs of modern society.

In Chapter 2 the figures depicting the key experiments that led to the discovery of the structure of the atom—Millikan's Oil Drop experiment and Rutherford's Gold Foil experiment—have been enhanced. This is also the first occurrence of the periodic table which has been updated throughout the text to reflect the acceptance and naming of elements 113 (Nihonium), 115 (Muscovium), 117 (Tennessine), and 118 (Oganesson).

Chapter 5 has undergone the most extensive revision in the book. Early parts of the chapter have been modified to reflect the fact that basic concepts of energy are now introduced in Chapter 1. Two new figures have been added. Figure 5.3 qualitatively relates electrostatic potential energy to changes in the bonding of an ionic solid, while Figure 5.16 provides a realworld analogy to help students understand the relationship between spontaneity and reaction enthalpy. The figure illustrating exothermic and endothermic reactions (Figure 5.8) has been modified to show before and after images of the reaction. Finally, to stress the atomistic origins of reaction enthalpies, a new section (Section 5.8) on bond enthalpies has been added, as discussed earlier.

A new Sample Exercise has been added to Chapter 6 that shows how the radii of orbits in the Bohr model of the hydrogen atom depend on the principal quantum number and how the electron behavior changes when a photon is emitted or absorbed.

Chapter 8 has seen some of its content on bond enthalpies moved to Chapter 5. The concepts there are now reinforced here.

In Chapter 11, attention has been paid to the text regarding various intermolecular forces to make clear that chemists usually think about them in units of energy, not units of force. A new checklist art piece replaces old Figure 11.14 in order to make it clear that intermolecular interaction energies are additive.

Chapter 12 has a new A Closer Look box entitled Modern Materials in the Automobile which discusses the wide range of

materials used in a hybrid automobile, including semiconductors, ionic solids, alloys, polymers, and more. A new *Chemistry Put To Work* entitled *Microporous and Mesoporous Materials* examines materials with different pore sizes and their application in ion exchange and catalytic converters.

In Chapter 15 a new *A Closer Look* box on *Temperature Changes and Le Châtelier's Principle* explains the theoretical underpinnings of the empirical rules that successfully predict how temperature changes influence the equilibrium constants of exothermic and endothermic reactions.

In Chapter 16 a new *A Closer Look* box on *Polyprotic Acids* explicitly shows the speciation of ions as a function of pH.

In Chapter 17 a new *A Closer Look* box entitled *Lead Contamination in Drinking Water* explores the chemistry behind the water quality crisis in Flint, Michigan.

Chapter 18 has been revised to reflect the most up-to-date data on atmospheric CO_2 levels and the ozone hole. Figure 18.4, showing the UV absorption spectrum of ozone, has been added so students can understand its role in filtering out harmful UV radiation from the sun. A new Sample Exercise (18.3) walks students through the steps needed to calculate the amount of CO_2 produced from combustion of a hydrocarbon.

In Chapter 19 we have substantially rewritten the early sections to help students better understand the concepts of spontaneous, nonspontaneous, reversible, and irreversible processes and their relationships. These improvements have led to a clearer definition of entropy.

To the Student

Chemistry: The Central Science, Fourteenth Edition, has been written to introduce you to modern chemistry. As authors, we have, in effect, been engaged by your instructor to help you learn chemistry. Based on the comments of students and instructors who have used this book in its previous editions, we believe that we have done that job well. Of course, we expect the text to continue to evolve through future editions. We invite you to write to tell us what you like about the book so that we will know where we have helped you most. Also, we would like to learn of any shortcomings so we may further improve the book in subsequent editions. Our addresses are given at the end of the Preface.

Advice for Learning and Studying Chemistry

Learning chemistry requires both the assimilation of many concepts and the development of analytical skills. In this text, we have provided you with numerous tools to help you succeed in both tasks. If you are going to succeed in your chemistry course, you will have to develop good study habits. Science courses, and chemistry in particular, make different demands on your learning skills than do other types of courses. We offer the following tips for success in your study of chemistry:

Don't fall behind! As the course moves along, new topics will build on material already presented. If you don't keep up in your reading and problem solving, you will find it much harder to follow the lectures and discussions on current topics. Experienced teachers know that students who read the relevant sections of the text *before* coming to a class learn more from the class and retain greater recall. "Cramming" just before an exam has been shown to be an ineffective way to study any subject, chemistry included. So now you know. How important to you, in this competitive world, is a good grade in chemistry?

Focus your study. The amount of information you will be expected to learn may seem overwhelming. It is essential to recognize those concepts and skills that are particularly important. Pay attention to what your instructor is emphasizing. As you work through the Sample Exercises and homework assignments, try to see what general principles and skills they employ. Use the What's Ahead feature at the beginning of each chapter to help orient yourself to what is important in each chapter. A single reading of a chapter will generally not be enough for successful learning of chapter concepts and problem-solving skills. You will often need to go over assigned materials more than once. Don't skip the Give It Some Thought and Go Figure features, Sample Exercises, and Practice Exercises. These are your guides to whether you are learning the material. They are also good preparation for test-taking. The Learning Outcomes and Key Equations at the end of the chapter will also help you focus your study.

Keep good lecture notes. Your lecture notes will provide you with a clear and concise record of what your instructor regards as the most important material to learn. Using your lecture notes in conjunction with this text is the best way to determine which material to study.

Skim topics in the text before they are covered in lecture. Reviewing a topic before lecture will make it easier for you to take good notes. First read the *What's Ahead* points and the end-of-chapter *Summary;* then quickly read through the chapter, skipping Sample Exercises and supplemental sections. Paying attention to the titles of sections and subsections gives you a feeling for the scope of topics. Try to avoid thinking that you must learn and understand everything right away.

You need to do a certain amount of preparation before lecture. More than ever, instructors are using the lecture period not simply as a one-way channel of communication from teacher to student. Rather, they expect students to come to class ready to work on problem solving and critical thinking. Coming to class unprepared is not a good idea for any lecture environment, but it certainly is not an option for an active learning classroom if you aim to do well in the course.

After lecture, carefully read the topics covered in class. As you read, pay attention to the concepts presented and to the application of these concepts in the *Sample Exercises*. Once you think you understand a *Sample Exercise*, test your understanding by working the accompanying *Practice Exercise*.

Learn the language of chemistry. As you study chemistry, you will encounter many new words. It is important to pay attention to these words and to know their meanings or the entities to which they refer. Knowing how to identify chemical substances from their names is an important skill; it can help you avoid painful mistakes on examinations. For example, "chlorine" and "chloride" refer to very different things.

Attempt the assigned end-of-chapter exercises. Working the exercises selected by your instructor provides necessary practice in recalling and using the essential ideas of the chapter. You cannot learn merely by observing; you must be a participant. In particular, try to resist checking the *Solutions Manual* (if you have one) until you have made a sincere effort to solve the exercise yourself. If you get stuck on an exercise, however, get help from your instructor, your teaching assistant, or another student. Spending more than 20 minutes on a single exercise is rarely effective unless you know that it is particularly challenging.

Learn to think like a scientist. This book is written by scientists who love chemistry. We encourage you to develop your critical thinking skills by taking advantage of features in this new edition, such as exercises that focus on conceptual learning, and the *Design an Experiment* exercises.

Use online resources. Some things are more easily learned by discovery, and others are best shown in three dimensions. If your instructor has included MasteringChemistryTM with your book, take advantage of the unique tools it provides to get the most out of your time in chemistry.

The bottom line is to work hard, study effectively, and use the tools available to you, including this textbook. We want to help you learn more about the world of chemistry and why chemistry is the central science. If you really learn chemistry, you can be the life of the party, impress your friends and parents, and ... well, also pass the course with a good grade.

Acknowledgments

The production of a textbook is a team effort requiring the involvement of many people besides the authors who contributed hard work and talent to bring this edition to life. Although their names don't appear on the cover of the book, their creativity, time, and support have been instrumental in all stages of its development and production.

Each of us has benefited greatly from discussions with colleagues and from correspondence with instructors and students both here and abroad. Colleagues have also helped immensely by reviewing our materials, sharing their insights, and providing suggestions for improvements. For this edition, we were particularly blessed with an exceptional group of accuracy checkers who read through our materials looking for both technical inaccuracies and typographical errors.

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The Brown/Lemay/Bursten/Murphy/Woodward/Stoltzfus Author Team values collaboration as an integral component to overall success. While each author brings unique talent, research interests, and teaching experiences, the team works together to review and develop the entire text. It is this collaboration that keeps the content ahead of educational trends and contributes to continuous innovations in teaching and learning throughout the text and technology. Some of the new key features in the fourteenth edition and accompanying MasteringChemistry™ course are highlighted on the upcoming pages.



Theodore L. Brown received his Ph.D. from Michigan State University in 1956. Since then, he has been a member of the faculty of the University of Illinois, Urbana-Champaign, where he is now Professor of Chemistry, Emeritus. He served as Vice Chancellor for Research, and Dean of The Graduate College, from 1980 to 1986, and

as Founding Director of the Arnold and Mabel Beckman Institute for Advanced Science and Technology from 1987 to 1993. Professor Brown has been an Alfred P. Sloan Foundation Research Fellow and has been awarded a Guggenheim Fellowship. In 1972 he was awarded the American Chemical Society Award for Research in Inorganic Chemistry and received the American Chemical Society Award for Distinguished Service in the Advancement of Inorganic Chemistry in 1993. He has been elected a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, and the American Chemical Society.



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Bruce E. Bursten received his Ph.D. in Chemistry from the University of Wisconsin in 1978. After two years as a National Science Foundation Postdoctoral Fellow at Texas A&M University, he joined the faculty of The Ohio State University, where he rose to the rank of Distinguished University Professor. In 2005, he moved to the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, as Distinguished Pro-

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1982 and 1996, the Arts and Sciences Student Council Outstanding Teaching Award in 1984, and the University Distinguished Scholar Award in 1990. He received the Spiers Memorial Prize and Medal of the Royal Society of Chemistry in 2003, and the Morley Medal of the Cleveland Section of the American Chemical Society in 2005. He was President of the American Chemical Society for 2008 and Chair of the Section on Chemistry of the American Association for the Advancement of Science in 2015. In addition to his teaching and service activities, Professor Bursten's research program focuses on compounds of the transition-metal and actinide elements.



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Matthew W. Stoltzfus received his B.S. degree in Chemistry from Millersville University in 2002 and his Ph. D. in Chemistry in 2007 from The Ohio State University. He spent two years as a teaching postdoctoral assistant for the Ohio REEL program, an NSF-funded center that works to bring authentic research experiments into the general chemistry lab curriculum in 15 colleges

and universities across the state of Ohio. In 2009, he joined the faculty of Ohio State where he currently holds the position of Chemistry Lecturer. In addition to lecturing general chemistry, Stoltzfus served as a Faculty Fellow for the Digital First Initiative, inspiring instructors to offer engaging digital learning content to students through emerging technology. Through this initiative, he developed an iTunes U general chemistry course, which has attracted over 200,000 students from all over the world. The iTunes U course, along with the videos at www.drfus.com, are designed to supplement the text and can be used by any general chemistry student. Stoltzfus has received several teaching awards, including the inaugural Ohio State University 2013 Provost's Award for Distinguished Teaching by a Lecturer and he is recognized as an Apple Distinguished Educator.

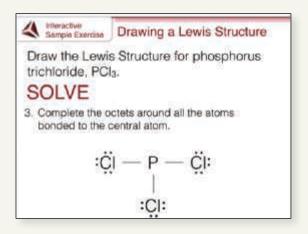


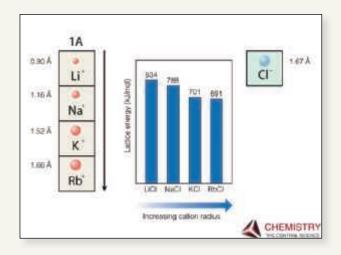
Michael W. Lufaso received his B.S. degree in Chemistry from Youngstown State University in 1998 and his Ph.D. in Chemistry from the Ohio State University in 2002. He was a National Research Council Postdoctoral Fellow at the National Institute for Standards and Technology and a postdoctoral fellow at the University of

South Carolina. In 2006 he joined the University of North Florida where he currently holds the rank of Associate Professor in the Department of Chemistry. He was a Brian Andreen Cottrell College Science Award winner from Research Corporation. He was named a Munoz Presidential Professor in 2011 and received an Outstanding Faculty Scholarship award in 2014. He has authored laboratory manuals and taught ten different undergraduate courses primarily in the areas of general, inorganic, and solid state chemistry. His undergraduate research program focuses on structure prediction, synthesis, and characterization of the structure and properties of solid state materials.

New Levels of Student Interaction for Improved Conceptual Understanding

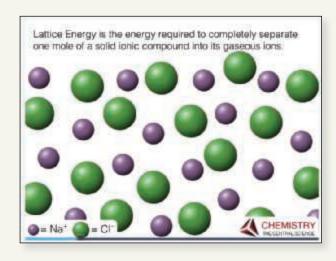
Embedded in eText 2.0, as well as assignable in MasteringChemistry™, new features engage students through interactivity to enhance the reading experience and help them learn challenging chemistry concepts.





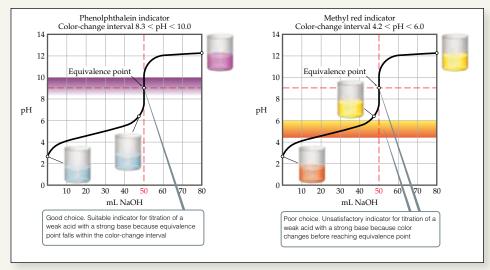
NEWI 50 Interactive Sample Exercises bring key Sample Exercises in the text to life through animation and narration. Author Matt Stoltzfus uses the text's Analyze/Plan/Solve/Check technique to guide students through the problem-solving process. Play icons within the text identify each Interactive Sample Exercise. Clicking the icon in the eText launches a visual and conceptual presentation which goes beyond the static page. The Practice Exercises within each Sample Exercise can also be assigned in MasteringChemistry™ where students will receive answer-specific feedback.

NEW! 27 Smart Figures walk students through complex visual representations, dispelling common misconceptions before they take root. Each Smart Figure converts a static in-text figure into a dynamic process narrated by author Matt Stoltzfus. Play icons within the text identify each Smart Figure. Clicking the icon in the eText launches the animation. Smart Figures are assignable in MasteringChemistry™ where they are accompanied by a multiple-choice question with answer-specific video feedback. Selecting the correct answer launches a brief wrap-up video that highlights the key concepts behind the answer.



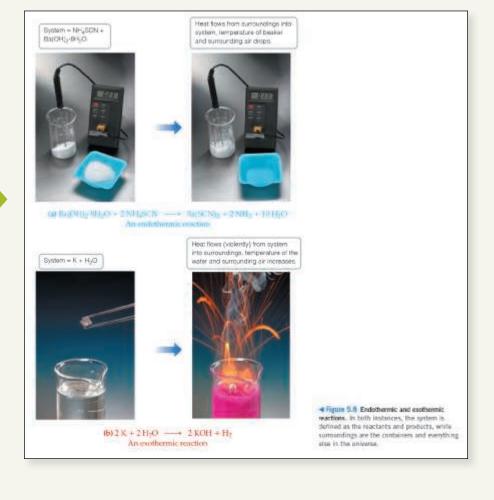
Visually Revised to Better Help Students Build General Chemistry

The visual program has been revised for enhanced clarity and to create a clean, modern look. Style changes include: expanded use of 3D renderings, new white annotation boxes with crisp leader lines, and a more saturated art palette.



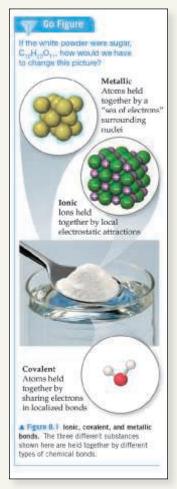
REVISED! Annotations offer expanded explanations; additional new leaders emphasize key relationships and key points in figures.

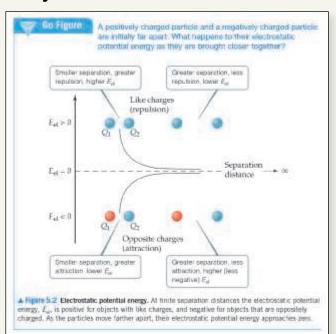
NEW! Before and after photos clearly show characteristics of endothermic and exothermic reactions. Added reaction equations connect the chemistry to what's happening in the photos.



Knowledge and Understanding

The authors used the wealth of student data in MasteringChemistry[™] to identify the areas where students struggle most, revising discussions, figures, and exercises throughout the text to address misconceptions and encourage thinking about the real-world use of chemistry.





NEW! The author team utilized Mastering metadata to edit and clarify inchapter Go Figure and Give It Some Thought questions, as well as end-of-chapter problems. User data helped them to identify problematic questions and then modify, replace, or delete—resulting in a more diverse and polished set of problems.

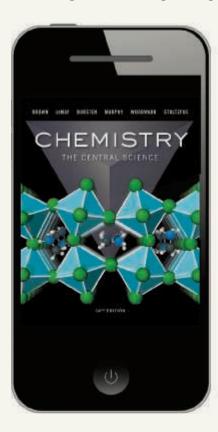
updated! A Closer Look features have been updated to reflect recent news and discoveries in the field of chemistry, providing relevance and applications for students. End-of-chapter questions give students the chance to test whether they understood the concept or not.

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Continuous Learning Before, During, and After Class

NEW! eText 2.0

- Full eReader functionality includes page navigation, search, glossary, highlighting, note taking, annotations, and more.
- A responsive design allows the eText to reflow and resize to your device or screen. eText 2.0 now works on supported smartphones, tablets, and laptop/desktop computers.
- In-context glossary offers students instant access to definitions by simply hovering over key terms.
- **Seamlessly integrated** eInteractives engage students through interactivity to further enhance their learning experience.
 - * New! 50 Interactive Sample Exercises bring key Sample Exercises in the text to life through animation and narration.
 - * New! 27 SmartFigures walk students through complex visual representations, dispelling common misconceptions before they take root.
- Accessible (screen-reader ready).
- Configurable reading settings, including resizable type and night reading mode.





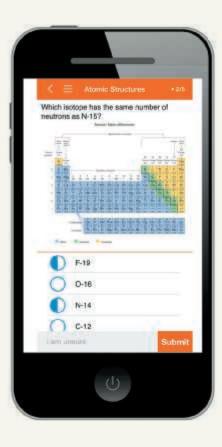
with MasteringChemistryTM

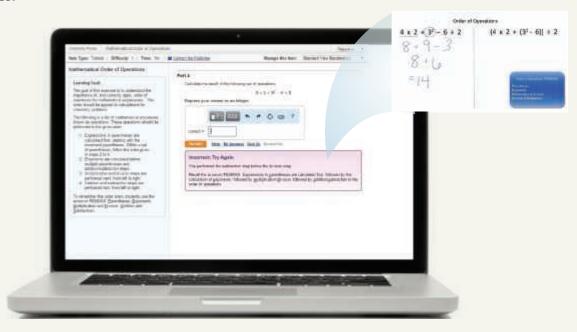
BEFORE CLASS

NEW! 66 Dynamic Study Modules help students study effectively on their own by continuously assessing their activity and performance in real time. Students complete a set of questions with a unique answer format that also asks them to indicate their confidence level. Questions repeat until the student can answer them all correctly and confidently. Once completed, Dynamic Study Modules explain the concept using materials from the text. These are available as graded assignments prior to class, and accessible on smartphones, tablets, and computers.

NEW! The Chemistry Primer helps students remediate their chemistry math skills and prepare for their first college chemistry course.

- **Pre-built Assignments** get students up to speed at the beginning of the course.
- **Math is covered** in the context of chemistry, basic chemical literacy, balancing chemical equations, mole theory, and stoichiometry.
- Scaled to students' needs, remediation is only suggested to students that perform poorly on initial assessment.
- Remediation includes tutorials, wrong-answer specific feedback, video instruction, and step-wise scaffolding to build students' abilities.





MasteringChemistry™

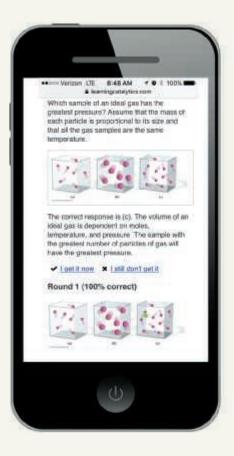
MasteringChemistry™ delivers engaging, dynamic learning opportunities—focusing on course objectives and responsive to each student's progress—that are proven to help students absorb course material and understand challenging chemistry processes and concepts.

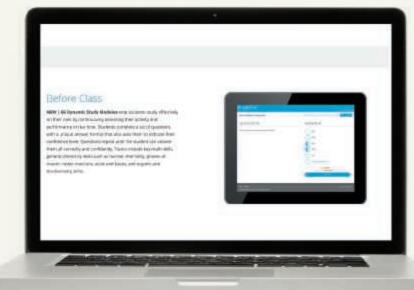
DURING CLASS

Learning Catalytics™

With questions specific to *Chemistry: The Central Science 14*e, **Learning Catalytics** generates class discussion, guides your lecture, and promotes peer-to-peer learning with real-time analytics. MasteringChemistry™ with eText now provides Learning Catalytics—an interactive student response tool that uses students' smartphones, tablets, or laptops to engage them in more sophisticated tasks and individual and group problem-solving. Instructors can:

- Upload a full PowerPoint® deck for easy creation of slide questions.
- Help your students develop critical thinking skills.
- Monitor responses to find out where your students are struggling.
- Rely on real-time data to adjust your teaching strategy.
- Automatically group students for discussion, teamwork, and peer-to-peer learning.



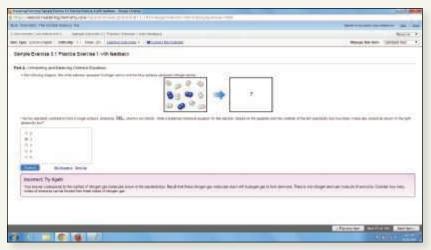


Book-specific questions embedded in library

www.MasteringChemistry.com

AFTER CLASS

Hundreds of new Enhanced EOC questions with wrong-answer-response feedback



Design An Experiment feature provides a departure from the usual kinds of end-of-chapter exercises with an inquiry-based, open-ended approach that tries to stimulate the student to "think like a scientist." Designed to foster critical thinking, each exercise presents the student with a scenario in which various unknowns require investigation. The student is called upon to ponder how experiments might be set up to provide answers to particular questions about observations.





Adaptive Follow-Up
Assignments allow
instructors to deliver content
to students-automatically
personalized for each
individual based on the
strengths and weaknesses
identified by his or her
performance on initial
Mastering assignments.

Instructor and Student Resources

			Instructor	
			or Student	
Resource	in Print	Online	Resource	Description
TestGen Test Bank 0134554620		J	Instructor	TestGen® is a computerized test generator that lets teachers view and edit Test Bank questions, transfer questions to tests, and print tests in a variety of customized formats. This Test Bank includes over 3000 multiple choice, true/false, and answer/essay questions. Questions are rated by difficulty and are correlated to the book's Learning Outcomes.
Instructor Manual 0134554604		√	Instructor	Organized by chapter, this useful guide includes objectives, lecture outlines, references to figures and solved problems, as well as teaching tips.
Instructor Resource		\checkmark	Instructor	The material available for download includes:
Materials 0134557220				 All illustrations, tables, and photos from the text in JPEG format Pre-built PowerPoint™ Presentations (lecture, worked examples, images) TestGen computerized software with the TestGen version of the Testbank Word.doc files of the Test Item File
Student Guide 0134554078	$\sqrt{}$		Student	This book assists students through the text material with chapter overviews, learning objectives, a review of key terms, as well as self tests with answers and explanations. This student guide also features MCAT practice questions.
Solutions Manual 0134552245	\checkmark		Instructor/ Student	Full solutions to all of the exercises (both red and black) in the text are provided.
Solutions Manual to Red Exercises 0134552237	J		Student	Full solutions to all of the red-numbered exercises in the text are provided.
Solutions Manual to Black Exercises 0134580095	J		Student	Full solutions to all of the black-numbered exercises in the text are provided.
Laboratory Experiments 0134566203	\checkmark		Student	This manual contains 43 finely-tuned experiments chosen to introduce students to basic lab techniques and to illustrate core chemical principles.
Annotated Instructor's Edition to Laboratory Experiments 013470150X	J		Instructor	Instructor's companion to the Laboratory Experiments.

CHEMISTRY

THE CENTRAL SCIENCE 14TH EDITION

